

**Table I. Acquired risk factors for venous thromboembolism**

<b>Clinical condition</b>	<b>VTE (venous thromboembolism) risk</b>
Surgery	
Inpatient surgery	110 fold
Outpatient surgery	10 fold
Cancer	4 – 20 fold
Metastatic versus localized	1.5 – 20 fold
Chemotherapy	2-6 fold
Major trauma	13 fold
Immobilization	9 fold
Hospitalization	8 fold
HIV infection	3 – 10 fold
Nephrotic syndrome	3 – 10 fold
Systemic lupus erythematosus	3 – 8 fold
Central venous catheter	6 fold
Oral contraceptive	4 – 7 fold
Pregnancy/puerperum	3 – 5 fold
Inflammatory bowel disease	3 – 4 fold
Neurologic disease with extremity paresis	3 fold
Congestive heart failure	3 fold
Hormone replacement	2 – 5 fold
Infections	2 – 3 fold
Air travel	1.5 – 3 fold
Obesity	2 fold

Compiled from:

Sweetland S et al. BMJ. 2009.,

Lijfering WM et al. Brit J Haematol. 2010.,

Rosendaal FR. Thromb Haemost. 1999.